

**Manufacturing of  
MFFD's lower fuselage  
skin:  
World's largest  
thermoplastics  
aerospace part**



**CLEAN AVIATION**

**AIAA-SCITECH 2022**

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**Royal Netherlands Aerospace Centre  
NLR**



**Co-funded by  
the European Union**

## Thermoplastic carbon-fibre reinforced lower fuselage skin for MFFD

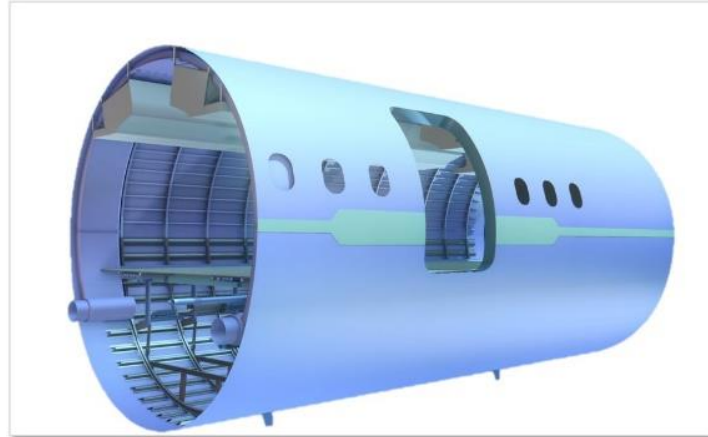
Manufacturing lead: NLR

1. Manufacturing engineering, including trials on smaller size (NLR)
2. Automated fibre placement of the preforms in female mould at NLR
3. (in parallel to 1. and 2.)  
Development of innovative female consolidation mould by EMOTION consortium (TUM, Ostseestaal, Alpex) (CS2 CfP project)
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6. Transport in between moulds (NLR) and locations



Shortly after consolidation

Length: 8.5 m; Ø 4 m

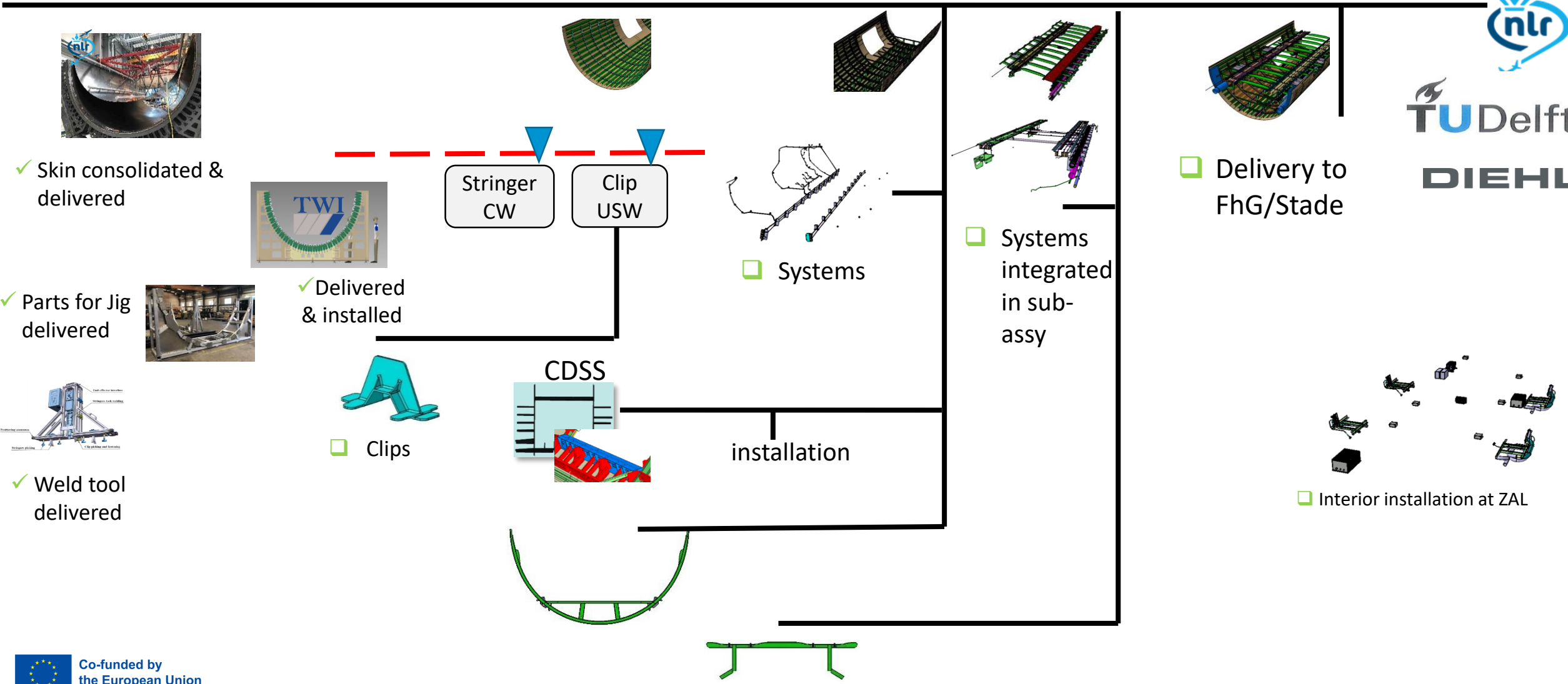


## Main drivers:

- Industrialisation
  - Quality of the skin
  - Time needed for production
  - Cost
  - Sustainability of the manufacturing process
- Affordable demonstrator of innovation
- Skin is to be part of the MFFD:
  - First-time-right
  - Timely delivery

## Main lower skin design features:

- Thermoplastics, carbon-fibre re-inforced
- Large size, 50 m<sup>2</sup>
- Varying thickness (~2-10 mm) with local reinforcements (e.g., around doors):
  - Ramps with different slopes
  - Ply drop-offs
- Longitudinal interfaces for welding with upper skin (stepped interfaces)
- Interfaces with stringers
- Door cut-outs (passenger and cargo)
- Lightning strike protection (outer layer)



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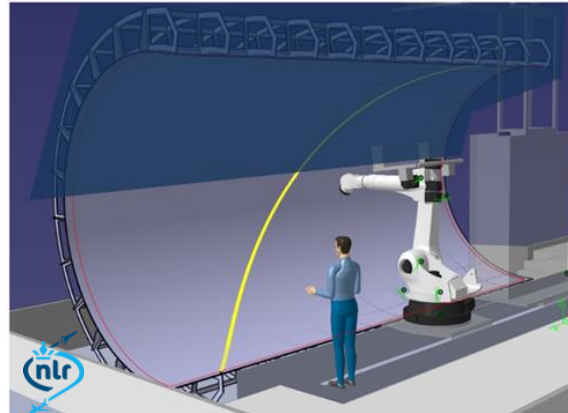


Shortly after consolidation:  
Beyond the most challenging phase

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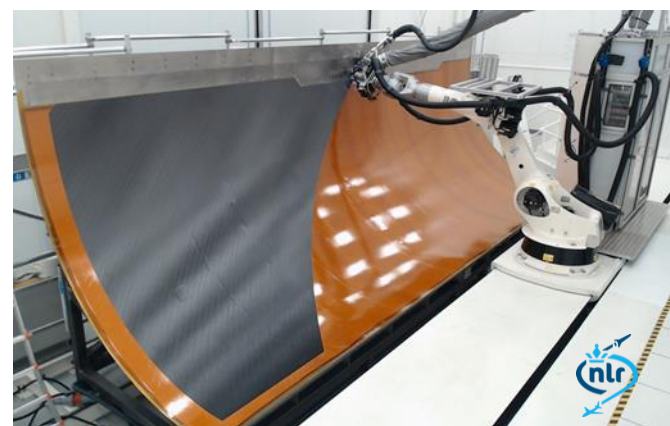
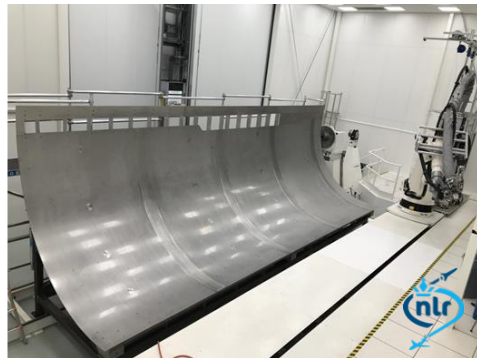
## Equipment:

- NLR's AFP machine: Coriolis C1
  - 6 kW laser heating
  - 8 tows of 1/4" with individual tow control
  - 9 meter linear track
- Skin laid in 2x 90° segment
- Cheap steel layup mould, moderate accuracy



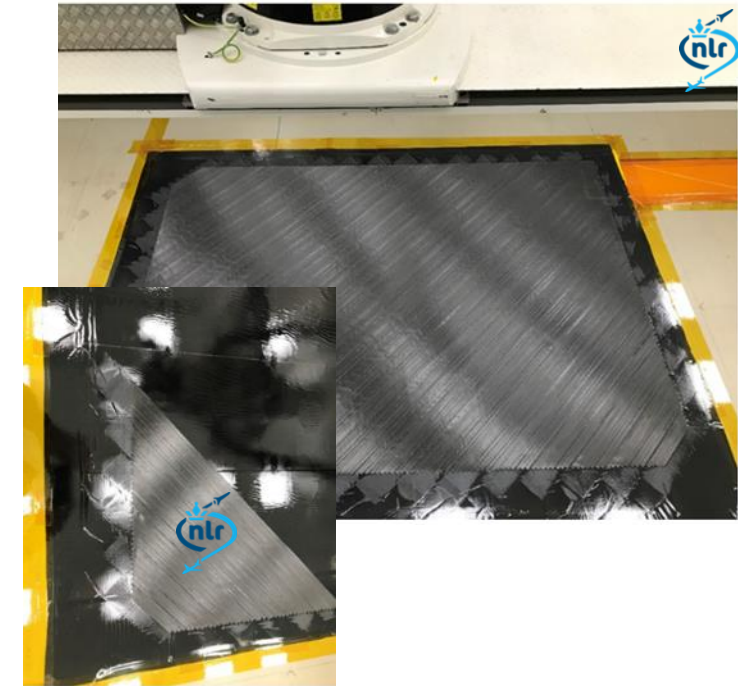
## Process specifications:

- Material used is TORAY TC1225 PAEK T700
- Medium/fast AFP layup (500mm/s) at room temperature
- Process window for AFP around 340-360 degrees Celsius ( $T_m=305^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- First layer challenges with TP materials (not sticky at RT)



## Lightning strike protection:

- Can be done as first layer for AFP
- Proven by small size tests
- Not available when AFP of the MFFD skin started
- LSP has been added later, see later slide



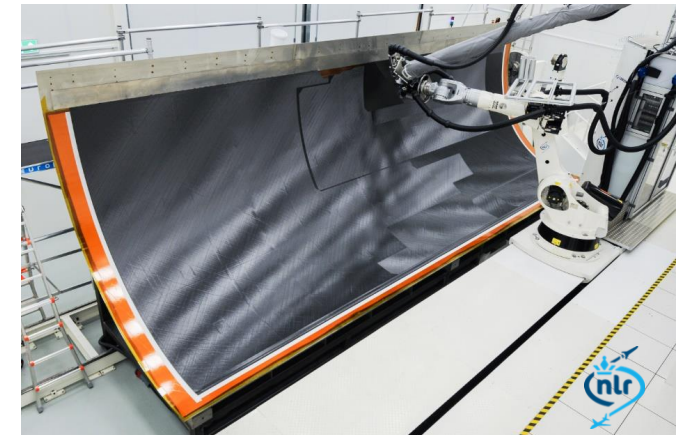
## Speed: AFP output [kg/hour]. Potential improvement in industrial setting:

- Faster machines exist than NLR's AFP machine (500 mm/s), e.g.
  - Coriolis C solo layup speeds of 1000 mm/s;
  - Elektroimpact/Victrex claim even higher speeds (1700 mm/s)
- These machines may also lay down more and/or wider tows, increasing the output even more

## Cost & sustainability:

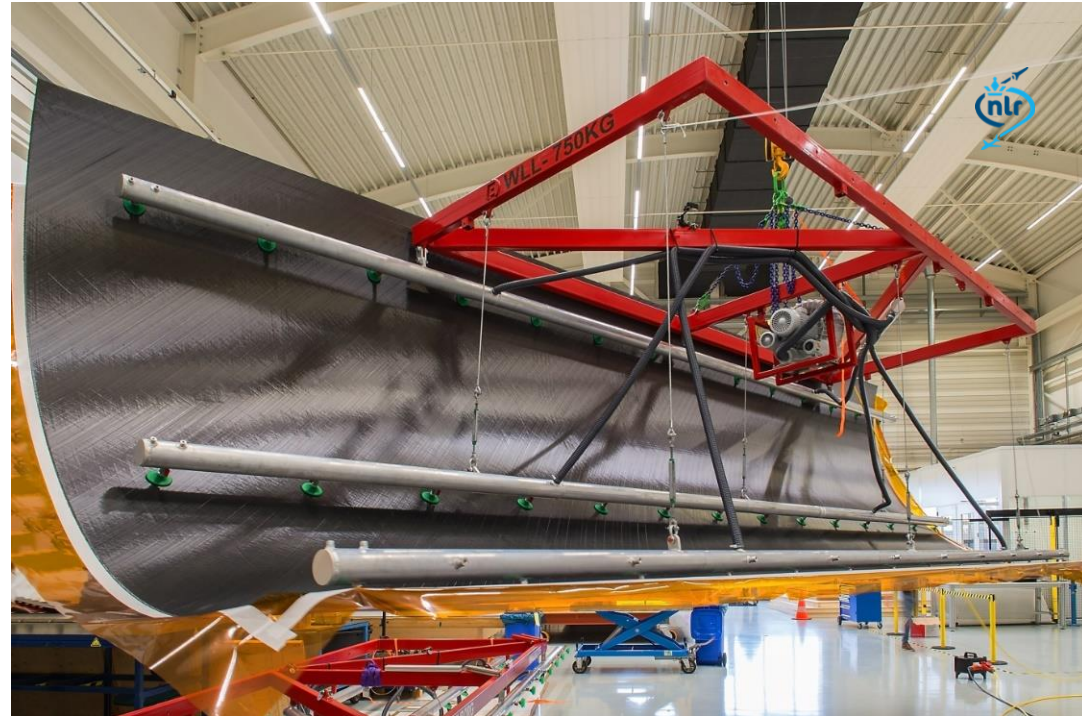
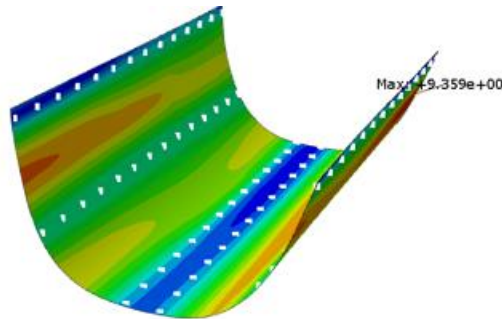
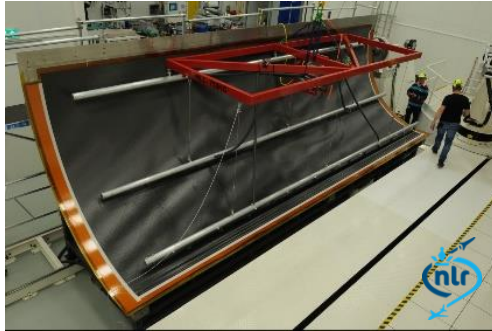
AFP has low buy-to-fly ratio (gross weight /net weight):

- 1.118, achieved for MFFD
- 1.035, if door areas kept open (opportunity for industrial setting)



Dedicated hoisting tool, based on suction cups, designed and developed by NLR for transport of:

- 90° preforms
- 180° consolidated skin (later)





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Developed by **EMOTION** consortium:

- TU Munich, Germany
- Ostseestahl, Germany
- ALPEX, Austria

under separate contract with the Clean Sky 2 JU ((#864474). Technically guided by NLR.

Innovative high temperature consolidation mould

- Floating mould surface
- Dimensions: 8.5 x 5.6 x 3.3 m
- Fit for DLR's autoclave



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# CONSOLIDATION: CHALLENGES ADDRESSED AND FIRST STEPS

Large size challenges for bagging:

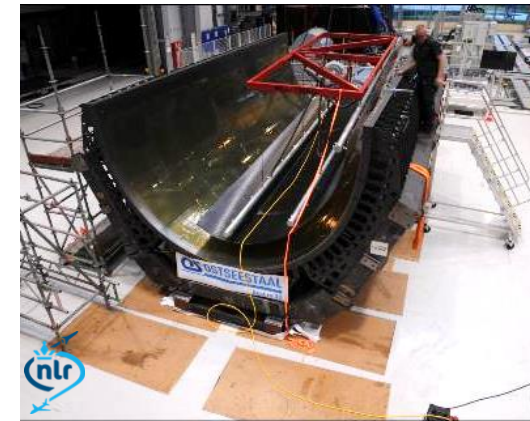
- High temperature foils are less flexible
- Tacky tapes are less tacky
- Foils are not available for this size
- Need to make seams in the high temperature bagging which adds risk for vacuum

Road transport:

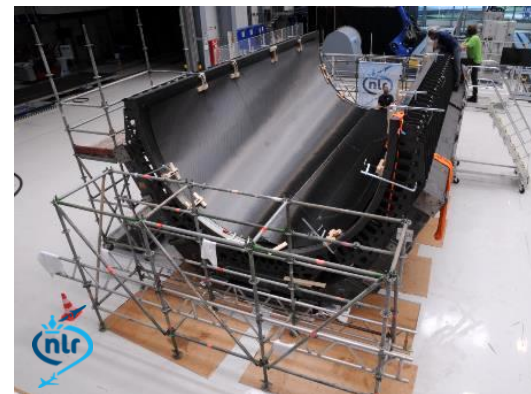
- Consolidation mould
- Preform



LSP material  
US spot welded to preform



Preform hoisted into consolidation mould

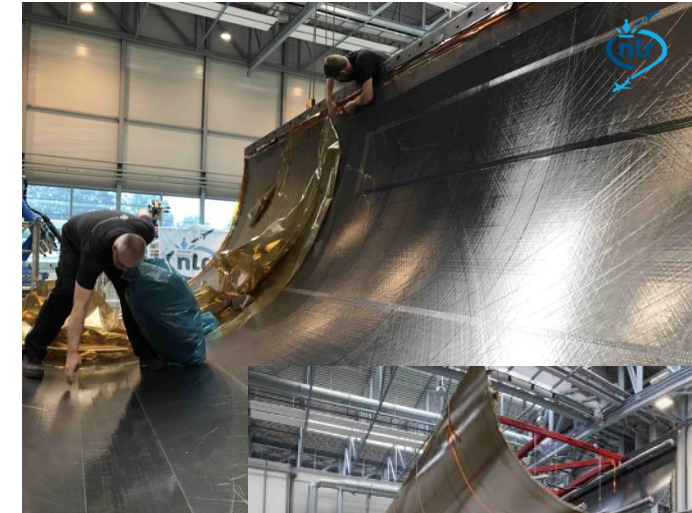
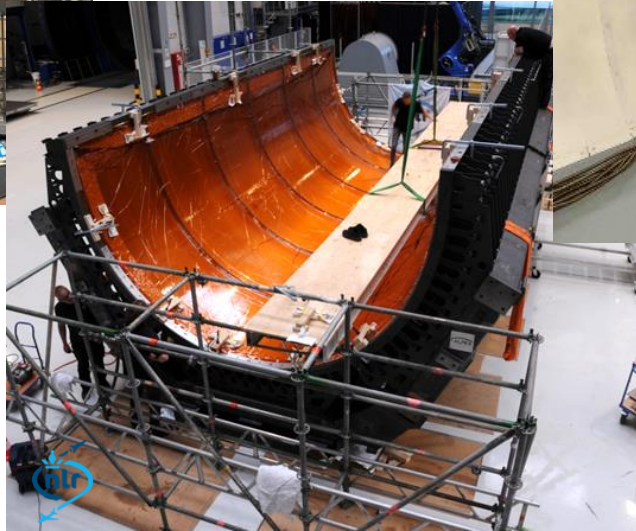
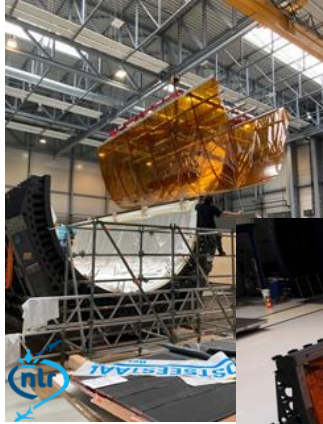


Clamping



High temperature vacuum bag with multiple seams

# CONSOLIDATION: FINAL STEPS AND RESULT



Autoclave consolidation:  
350° C for 30 minutes at  
7 bar

Vacuum: remained strong  
during entire cycle and  
only dropped to 80%  
during cooling down below  
 $T_g$ .

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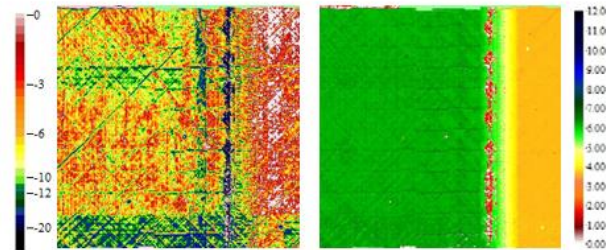
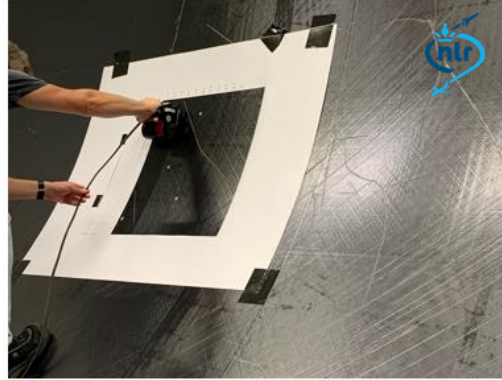


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Inspection methods:  
complementary and for  
comparison:

- Geometry measurements
- C-scan of cargo door cut-out
- PAUT roller probe locally
- Thermography globally (fast method)
- Micrographs of cargo door cut-out

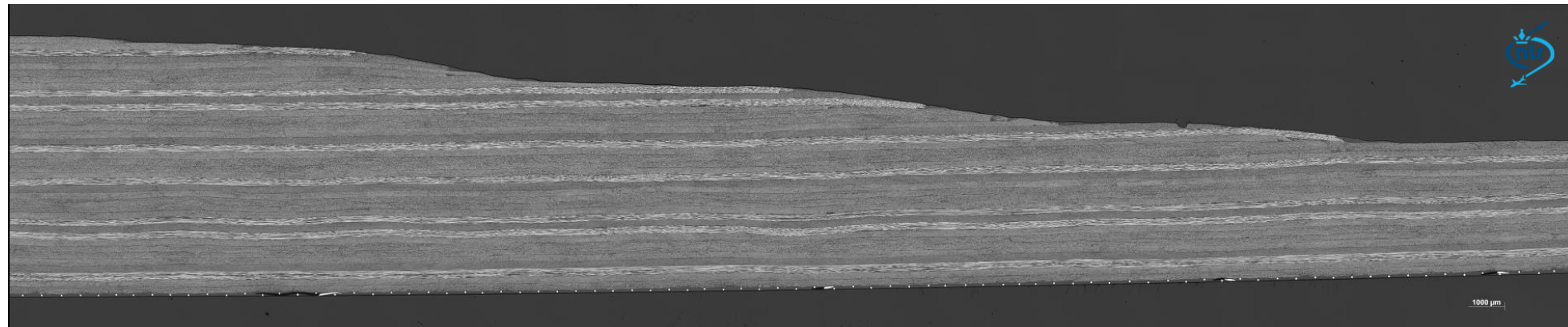


PAUT roller probe



Thermography at multiple frequencies

Micrograph



World's largest thermoplastic aerospace part: successful lower fuselage skin manufacturing for the MFFD overall:

- Shiny fuselage skin with excellent quality at outside
- Good laminate quality, very little porosity
- Geometrical steps in the weld areas are well defined
- Robust manufacturing concept demonstrated for such a large TP skin
- Further opportunities for optimization identified towards industrialization
- Delivered for assembly into STUNNING's pre-equipped lower part of the MFFD (GKN Fokker, NLR, TUD, Diehl)
- Looking forward to the integration with the upper shell into the complete MFFD



On-the-way to be used in the assembly the lower fuselage of the MFFD by STUNNING consortium partners GKN Fokker and SAM|XL

Movie: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WBGQgHvZc-g>



## Contact

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## Disclaimer

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