



# Propeller analysis and design via eCFD Program and invitation list to Webinar

NLR – Netherlands Aerospace Centre

### **1** Introduction

Within the Clean Sky 2 (CS2) research programme, the PROPTER project addresses the analysis and design of lateral rotors which must operate in a complex interactional flow field around the RACER (Rapid And Cost-Effective Rotorcraft) compound helicopter being developed by Airbus Helicopters. The PROPTER consortium consists of Netherlands Aerospace Centre NLR and Delft University Technology (TUD) collaborating with Airbus Helicopters as the topic leader.



Figure 1 Sketch of the Airbus RACER without tail planes (see Ref. [1]).

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the helicopter configuration with its tail planes removed. The lateral rotors are installed as a pusher on the tips of a box-wing. The two lateral rotors are driven by the same turboshaft engines driving the main rotor. Large-scale time-accurate unsteady CFD simulations have been performed to analyze the flow around the compound helicopter. The simulations were conducted using ENFLOW, which is a CFD code suite developed in-house at NLR (e.g. see Ref [2]). ENFLOW employs a central-difference finite-volume scheme in a multi-block structured grid.

For the assessment of installation effects, CFD simulations have also been performed for the lateral rotors in an isolated configuration with an axial incoming flow. For this configuration, the steady-state Reynolds-Averaged Navier-Stokes (RANS) equations formulated in a rotating frame of reference are solved.

Unique innovations have been generated during the course of the project. Some of the innovations are considered to have a high potential to deliver significant benefits to propeller manufacturers, e.g.

- Typical for the analysis of aerodynamic performance of propellers is that there is a **large variation** of the blade pitch, i.e. not only to determine the polar curve, but also to achieve either a specified thrust or a specified power. An **innovative domain decomposition** has been conceived to allow an efficient automatic procedure for CFD simulation with varying blade pitch.
- The large-scale CFD simulations have been conducted in a collaborative fashion between NLR and TU Delft through an **eCFD framework** (see Ref. [3]). The CFD simulations are parameterized by the flight speed, altitude, RPM of the lateral rotors, and blade pitch. Such a parameterization allows an efficient remote execution of the CFD simulations by TU Delft, **through an email interface**, where the simulations are performed on NLR's high performance cluster computing facility.

In the scope of **dissemination and exploitation of the PROPTER project** results, an eCFD framework has been constructed for **TU Delft's XPROP propeller**. The potential benefits to the propeller industries will be demonstrated by means of a Webinar. An eCFD framework will be explained during the Webinar. A similar parameterization as in the large-scale CFD simulations is used, i.e. in terms of flight speed, altitude, RPM, and blade pitch. Example results of an eCFD session are shown in Figure 2. One **eCFD session** consists of a cycle of (1) sending an e-email requesting simulations to an email server, (2) receiving a request-for-confirmation email from the server, (3) sending a confirmation email to the server, and (4) receiving an email that simulation results can be downloaded.



Figure 2 Example output of an eCFD session for the XPROP propeller.

The parameterization possibilities offered by eCFD are practically limitless, which can be tailored to specific needs. It promotes and facilitates multi-partner collaborations. During the Webinar some of the possibilities for extended parameterization will be explained. Finally, participants will be invited to try out the functionality of eCFD, allowing them to perform real CFD simulations around the XPROP propeller as an example.

# 2 Webinar Program (duration max. 1 hour)

| 1. Introduction                     | 4. Demonstration: use-case and functionality          |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <ul> <li>project Propter</li> </ul> | XPROP propeller                                       |
| 2. propeller design CFD methodology | <ul> <li>Input/Output description</li> </ul>          |
| Analysis                            | 5. Future perspectives                                |
| Design optimization                 | <ul> <li>Parameterized airfoil shapes</li> </ul>      |
| 3. Propeller analysis through eCFD  | <ul> <li>Parameterized planform</li> </ul>            |
| Introduction                        | <ul> <li>Parameterized design optimization</li> </ul> |
| Procedure                           | 6. Closure  |
|                                     |   |

## Invitation List

| No. | Company Name   | Country  | Website                      |
|-----|--|----------|------------------------------|
| 1   | Woodcomp sro   | Czech    | www.woodcomp.cz              |
| 2   | Avia Propeller Ltd.                                      | Czech    | www.aviapropeller.com        |
| 3   | Kaspar a synove - strojirna Kalnar sro                   | Czech    | www.kasparaero.cz            |
| 4   | Fiti propeller   | Czech    | www.fiti.cz                  |
| 5   | Mejzlik  | Czech    | www.mejzlik.eu               |
| 6   | Duc Helices  | France   | www.duc-helices.com          |
| 7   | UTC Aerospace Systems, Propeller Systems (Ratier Figeac) | France   | www.ratier-figeac.com        |
| 8   | Helices e-props  | France   | www.e-props.fr               |
| 9   | Helices evra   | France   | www.helices-evra.com         |
| 10  | MT-Propeller Entwicklung GmbH                            | Germany  | www.mt-propeller.com         |
| 11  | Hoffmann Propeller                                       | Germany  | www.hoffmann-prop.com        |
| 12  | Helix-Carbon GmbH  | Germany  | www.helix-propeller.de       |
| 13  | Neuform Composite Propellers                             | Germany  | www.neuform-propeller.de     |
| 14  | Rospeller GmbH   | Germany  | www.rospeller-aero.de        |
| 15  | The Binder Flugmotoren- und Flugzeugbau GmbH             | Germany  | www.binder-flugmotorenbau.de |
| 16  | GT Propellers  | Italy    | www.gt-propellers.com        |
| 17  | Alisport Srl   | Italy    | www.alisport.com             |
| 18  | Peszke Aero Technologies                                 | Poland   | www.peszke.com               |
| 19  | Born propeller   | Romania  | born-propeller.de            |
| 20  | Airpal   | Slovakia | www.airpal.eu                |
| 21  | Aerobat  | Spain    | www.aerobat.es               |
| 22  | GE Aviation (Dowty Propellers) (8)                       | UK       | <u>dowty.com</u>             |
| 23  | Hercules propeller                                       | UK       | www.hercprops.com            |
| 24  | Aero prop  | Ukraine  | aeroprop.aero                |
| 25  | KievProp   | Ukraine  | www.kievprop.com             |

#### **4** References

- 1. Stokkermans, T.C.A., Voskuilj, M., Veldhuis, L.L.M., Soemarwoto, B.I., Fukari, R., Eglin, P., *Aerodynamic Installation Effects of Lateral Rotors on a Novel Compound Helicopter Configuration,* Presented at the AHS International 74th Annual Forum & Technology Display, Phoenix, Arizona, USA, May 14–17, 2018.
- 2. Laban, M., Kok, J.C., Prananta, B.B., *Numerical tools for contra-rotating open-rotor performance, noise and vibration assessment,* 27th International Congress of the Aeronautical Sciences, Nice, France, 2010.
- 3. Soemarwoto, B.I., Nugroho, A., Baalbergen, E.H. Aribowo, A., *CFD-based collaborative design optimization using eCFD*, presented at 29<sup>th</sup> Congress of the International Council of the Aeronautical Sciences, St. Petersburg, Russia, September 7-12, 2014.



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